JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

# B.Tech I Year II Semester Examinations, September/October - 2021 <br> ENGINEERING GRAPHICS 

(Common to EEE, IT, CSIT, ITE, CE(SE), CSE(CS), CSE(DS), CSE(Networks))

## Answer any three questions <br> All questions carry equal marks

1.a) A circle of 60 mm diameter rolls along a straight line. Trace the path of a point on the periphery of the circle. Name the curve.
b) Construct a scale of $1 / 60$ to read meters and decimeters and long enough to measure up to 6 meters. Mark on it a distance of 5.4 m .
[13+12]
2.a) Draw the projections of the following points on a common reference line keeping the distance between their projectors 30 mm apart.
i) Point A is 20 mm below the H.P. and 50 mm in front of the V.P.
ii) Point B is in the H.P. and 40 mm behind the V.P.
iii) Point C is 30 mm in front of the V.P. and in the H.P.
iv) Point D is 50 mm above the H.P. and 30 mm behind the V.P.
v) Point $E$ is 20 mm below the H.P. and 50 mm behind the V.P.
b) Line AB is 75 mm long and it is $30^{\circ} \& 40^{\circ}$ Inclined to HP \& VP respectively. End A is 12 mm above HP and 10 mm in front of VP. Draw projections. Line is in $1^{\text {st }}$ quadrant.
[10+15]
3. A cone base 50 mn , mameter and axis 60 mm long rests with its base on HP. It is cut by a section plane proendicular to HP and inclined at $60{ }^{\circ}$ to VP and at a distance of 10 mm from its axis raw the sectional front view and the true shape of the section.
4. A pentagonal prism having a base with 30 mm side and 65 mm long axis, is resting on its base in the H.P. with a rectangular face parallel to the V.P. It is cut by a section plane perpendicular to the V.P., inclined at $30^{\circ}$ with the H.P., and passing through a point on the axis, 25 mm from one of the bases. Draw the development of lateral surface of bottom part.
5. Draw the Isometric view of the machine parts shown in figure 1. All dimensions are in mm .


Figure: 1
6. Draw the orthographip rojections of the machine part shown in figure 2. a) Front view
b) Top view
c) $S^{\text {a }}$ view. All dimensions are in mm .


Figure: 2

